

01 MAY 2017

Subject Code :
HIST/VI/09 (R & PR)

Booklet No. A

723

01 MAY 2017

HIST/VI/09 (R & PR)

2017

(6th Semester)

HISTORY

NINTH PAPER

(Modern World History)

(Revised and Pre-Revised)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The questions are of equal value

1. Why did the Industrial Revolution first take place in Britain?

Or

What are the innovations introduced in the textile industries after the Industrial Revolution?

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candidate

Semester

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regulator(s)

G7/363a

(Turn Over)

/363

Subject Code :
HIST/VI/09 (R & PR)

(2)

2. What were the reforms introduced by Napoleon Bonaparte?

Or

Describe the Unification of Germany.

3. What do you mean by Scramble for Africa? Explain its effects.

Or

Discuss the women's suffrage movement in the 19th century.

4. Explain the factors responsible for the outbreak of the First World War.

Or

Account for the rise of Fascism in Italy.

5. Define Manhattan Project and its effects in the Second World War.

Or

Write the circumstances leading to the birth of the United Nations. What were its aims?

G7—1600/363a

HIST/VI/09 (R & PR)

To be filled in by the Candidate

DEGREE 6th Semester
(Arts / Science / Commerce
.....) Exam., 20.....

Subject

Paper

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The Booklet No. of this script quoted in the answer script & descriptive type questions versa.
2. This paper should be ANSWERED and submitted within 1 (one) hour of the commencement Examination.
3. While answering the questions in the booklet, any cutting, erasing, writing or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done in the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering the questions only.

Signature of
Scrutiniser(s)

HIST/VI/09 (R & PR)

2017

(6th Semester)

HISTORY

NINTH PAPER

(**Modern World History**)

(Revised and Pre-Revised)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION - A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : $1 \times 10 = 10$

1. After the 1850s, who led the invention and commercialization of electricity?

(a) Britain ()

(b) Belgium and France ()

(c) Germany and the US ()

2. In general, the population of Europe in the 19th century

(a) declined ()

(b) stayed roughly at the same ()

(c) showed a dramatic increase ()

3. Mostly early 19th century liberals advocated
- (a) direct representation from those who owned property ()
 - (b) universal manhood suffrage ()
 - (c) state intervention in the economy ()
4. The German confederation
- (a) did not include Austria and Prussia ()
 - (b) included non-German territories in Poland and Hungary ()
 - (c) was a loose confederation of 39 states ()
5. After the French made Algeria a department
- (a) all French settlers were given full rights to citizenship ()
 - (b) the suffrage was given to all male residents ()
 - (c) settlers began to civilize indigenous peoples ()
6. By 1902, what percentage of Africa had succumbed to the European 'Scramble for Africa'?
- (a) 30 percent ()
 - (b) 50 percent ()
 - (c) 90 percent ()

7. The event that triggered the British declaration of war on Germany on August 4, 1914 was
- (a) the German invasion of Poland ()
 - (b) the German declaration of war on France ()
 - (c) the German invasion of Belgium ()
8. Which of the following was not a component of Italian Fascism?
- (a) Anti-Semitism ()
 - (b) Militarism ()
 - (c) Nationalism ()
9. The Soviet Union entered the Pacific Theatre of the World War II by
- (a) marching into Manchuria and the colonial territory of Korea ()
 - (b) invading the island of Okinawa ()
 - (c) pushing the Japanese forces back on Hong Kong ()
10. Operation Barbarossa was the code name for
- (a) the German invasion of Poland ()
 - (b) the Normandy invasion ()
 - (c) the Allied invasion of Berlin ()

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Give short answers to any five of the following questions : 3x5=15

- 1. Why would you consider the fact that industrialization's roots lay in agriculture?

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- 2. What do you know about the Great Famine of 1845-1849?

3. What were the three components of liberalism?

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4. What were the demands of the Chartists?

(8)

5. Why was Lord Curzon the most prominent representative of the 'new imperialism' in India?

(9)

6. Who was the New Woman?

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(10)

7. What was the New Economic Policy (NEP)?

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(11)

8. Explain the significance of the term 'total war'.

9. How was the Spanish Civil War a 'dress rehearsal' for a later war between the German and the Soviet 'advisors'?

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10. What was the Polish Corridor? What event set off the beginning of the Second World War?
