

Subject Code : PSC/VI/10

Booklet No. **A** 933

06 MAY 2016

Date Stamp

To be filled in by the Candidate

06 MAY 2016

PSC/VI/10

.....
.....
.....

2016

(6th Semester)

To be filled in by the Candidate

POLITICAL SCIENCE

..... Semester

TENTH PAPER

..... / Commerce /

) Exam., 2016

(Indian Foreign Policy)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART - B — DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. Mention the various determinants of Indian Foreign Policy. 10

Or

What are the principles and objectives of Indian Foreign Policy? 5+5=10

Signature of Candidate(s)

G16/302a

(Turn Over)

/302

06 MAY

PSC/VI/10

(2) 8 8 MAY 8 8

2. Discuss the concept of Non-Alignment. 10

Or

Examine the relevance of Non-Alignment Movement in the present world order. 10

3. Write a note on Indo-US Nuclear Deal. 10

Or

Mention the major tension areas in Indo-China relations. 10

4. Discuss the main issues and tension areas in Indo-Pakistan relations. 5+5=10

Or

Write a note on Indo-Sri Lankan Accord (1987). 10

5. Discuss India's Nuclear Policy. 10

Or

Discuss India's Look East Policy. 10

To be filled in by the Candidate

DEGREE 6th Semester
(Arts / Science / Commerce
) Exam., 201

Subject

Paper

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script for all descriptive type questions and answers.
2. This paper should be ANSWERED and submitted within 1 (one) hour of the commencement of Examination.
3. While answering the questions in the booklet, any cutting, erasing, writing or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done on a separate sheet of paper. The answer given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

Signature of
Scrutiniser(s)

Signature of
Examiner

2016

(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

TENTH PAPER

(Indian Foreign Policy)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer all questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. The term 'Non-Alignment' was coined by

(a) V. K. Menon ()

(b) Jawaharlal Nehru ()

(c) Indira Gandhi ()

2. Kargil War was fought between India and Pakistan in the year

- (a) 1997 ()
- (b) 1998 ()
- (c) 1999 ()

3. The strongest Tamil force in Sri Lanka is

- (a) IPKF ()
- (b) LTTE ()
- (c) TULF ()

4. India first tested a nuclear device in

- (a) 1974 ()
- (b) 1975 ()
- (c) 1976 ()

5. Indo-Sri Lanka Peace Accord was signed on

- (a) 29th July, 1987 ()
- (b) 29th July, 1988 ()
- (c) 29th July, 1989 ()

6. Sino-India War broke out in the year

- (a) 1926 ()
- (b) 1962 ()
- (c) 1975 ()

7. Panchsheel is a treaty between

- (a) China and India in 1954 ()
- (b) India and Sri Lanka in 1987 ()
- (c) India and Bangladesh in 1971 ()

Govt. J. Thankima College

8. Bangladesh got her independence in

- (a) 1970 ()
- (b) 1971 ()
- (c) 1962 ()

9. Which is the only body authorized to order nuclear strike against another offending strike in India?

- (a) President of India ()
- (b) Council of Ministers ()
- (c) Cabinet Committee on Security ()

10. The main cause of conflict between India and Pakistan is the dispute over

- (a) Jammu ()
- (b) Kashmir ()
- (c) Himachal Pradesh ()

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Answer the following in about 4/5 sentences each : 3×5=15

1. What is Panchsheel?

Govt. J. Thankima College

2. Write a note on European Union.

1. The European Union (EU) is a political and economic union of member states located primarily in Europe. It was created in 1993 by the Maastricht Treaty, which replaced the European Communities (EC) and the European Coal and Steel Community (ECSC).

2. The EU is a supranational entity, meaning that it has its own institutions and legal system. The main institutions are the European Council, the European Commission, the Council of the European Union, and the European Parliament.

3. The EU has a single market, which allows for the free movement of goods, services, capital, and people between member states. It also has a common currency, the Euro, which is used by 19 of the 27 member states.

4. The EU is committed to the principles of democracy, human rights, and the rule of law. It also works to promote sustainable development and global cooperation.

3. Explain Indo-Russian Nuclear Deal, 2009.

The Indo-Russian Nuclear Deal, 2009, is a landmark agreement between India and Russia. It is a civil nuclear cooperation agreement that allows for the exchange of nuclear technology and materials between the two countries.

Key features of the deal include:

- India will receive Russian nuclear reactors and technology for its civilian nuclear power program.
- India will export uranium to Russia for enrichment.
- The deal is a full-scope agreement, meaning it covers the entire nuclear fuel cycle, from uranium enrichment to reactor operation and waste management.
- The deal is a landmark because it is the first time India has entered into a full-scope nuclear agreement with another country.

Govt. J. Thankima College

(8)

4. Discuss about Cold War.

(9)

5. Write a note on McMahan Line.

Govt. J. Thankima College