

25 NOV 2016

Subject Code : **V/HIST** (vii)

Booklet No. **A** 983

25 NOV 2016 **V/HIST** (vii)

2016

( 5th Semester )

HISTORY

SEVENTH PAPER

( Early Modern Europe )

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

( PART : B — DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 50 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

1. During the fifteenth century, Europeans focused their colonial and commercial ambitions more and more on the Western Mediterranean and the Atlantic World. Why and how was this possible? 10

Or

What was the impact of New World Silver on the European economy?

Signature of Candidate

Semester

Commerce /  
) Exam., 2016

Page

Signature of  
Candidate(s)

( 2 )

2. How did Italian Renaissance culture differ from the culture of the High Middle Ages? 10

Or

How did the Catholic Reformation differ from the Counter-Reformation?

3. Why did religious conflicts become so deeply entwined with political conflicts during 1540-1660? 10

Or

What were the causes and effects of the Thirty Years' War?

4. How did the reign of Louis XIV exemplify absolutism in France? 10

What were the features of the charter issued by the National Assembly in September, 1789? What were the issues that were debated regarding the rights and roles of women? 5+5=10

5. Examine the contribution of Copernicus and Galileo in the Scientific Revolution. 10

Or

How did Voltaire, Montesquieu and Diderot exemplify the spirit of enlightenment?

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G7-1350/84a

V/HIST (vii)

Subject Code : V/HIST (vii)

To be filled in by the Candidate

DEGREE 5th Semester  
(Arts / Science / Commerce /  
.....) Exam., 2016

Subject .....  
Paper .....

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE

1. The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script near the descriptive type questions and vice versa.
2. This paper should be ANSWERED and submitted within 1 (one) hour of the commencement of Examination.
3. While answering the questions in the booklet, any cutting, erasing, writing or furnishing more than the answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done on a separate sheet of paper and not on the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering that question only.

Signature of  
Scrutiniser(s)

Signature  
Examiner

2016

( 5th Semester )

**HISTORY**

**SEVENTH PAPER**

**( Early Modern Europe )**

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

**SECTION—A**

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. What piece of navigational technology did the first explorers not have at their disposal?

(a) Marine chronometer ( )

(b) Astrolabe ( )

(c) Compass ( )

2. In 1571, Habsburg and Venetian forces defeated the Ottoman Turks at the Battle of

- (a) Nicopolis ( )
- (b) Vienna ( )
- (c) Lepanto ( )

3. In the fifteenth century, Italian painters

- (a) began painting in oil ( )
- (b) experimented with light and shade ( )
- (c) All of the above ( )

4. Michelangelo's *David*

- (a) was intended to be a public expression of Florentine civic ideals ( )
- (b) demonstrated the careful use of chiaroscuro ( )
- (c) was executed in the Palladian style ( )

5. In 1588, the English destroyed

- (a) the Invincible Armada ( )
- (b) the Titanic ( )
- (c) the capital of Spain ( )

6. The Thirty Years' War began in

- (a) Austria ( )
- (b) Poland ( )
- (c) Bohemia ( )

7. In general, the major obstacles to the growth of absolute monarchy were

- (a) the nobility and clergy ( )
- (b) parliaments, diets and estates general ( )
- (c) All of the above ( )

8. On August 4, 1789, the National Assembly

- (a) took steps to establish all forms of privilege ( )
- (b) drafted the Civil Constitution of the clergy ( )
- (c) ratified a Liberal Constitution ( )

9. Who is most responsible for creating the inductive scientific method?

- (a) Isaac Newton ( )
- (b) Rene Descartes ( )
- (c) Francis Bacon ( )

10. Francis Bacon and Descartes agreed that

- (a) all knowledge comes from experience ( )
- (b) science needed to free itself from blind authority in the past ( )
- (c) rationality was a point of departure for any philosophical enterprise ( )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Answer the following questions in brief (any five) : 3×5=15

1. What religious policy did the Ottomans adopt towards non-Muslims?

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2. What caused the Price Revolution of the sixteenth century in Europe?

Answer: The price revolution in Europe was caused by several factors, including the influx of precious metals from the Americas, the discovery of new lands, and the growth of the economy.

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3. What do you mean by Renaissance classicism?

Answer: Renaissance classicism refers to the revival of classical art and literature during the Renaissance period. It was characterized by a focus on balance, harmony, and proportion.

4. In what ways did the religious teachings of John Calvin differ from that of Luther?

Answer: John Calvin's teachings differed from Martin Luther's in several ways, including his emphasis on predestination and the concept of the "city of God." Calvin believed that God had predestined some people for salvation and others for damnation.

5. Who was Henry of Navarre?

6. Mention the significance of the Peace of Westphalia (1648) in European history.

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7. What do you mean by absolutism?

*What is meant by absolutism?*

8. Mention the significance of the Treaty of Utrecht.

*What is the significance of the Treaty of Utrecht?*

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( 12 )

9. What was Descartes' deductive approach?

( 13 )

10. What legacy did the enlightenment leave behind on gender and slavery?

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