

To be filled in by the candidate
13 NOV 2014 **V** **HIST (v)**

2014
(5th Semester)

HISTORY

FIFTH PAPER

[Modern India (Part-I)]

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The questions are of equal value

Answer any five questions

- 1. Why was the Battle of Plassey fought? Discuss its consequences.**
- 2. Discuss various methods the British used to expand their rule in India.**
- 3. What do you understand by the term 'orientalism'? How did it shape empirical policy in India?**
- 4. Describe laissez-faire or free trade in the period during 1813–1858.**

G15—1100/82a

(Turn Over)

(2)

5. What do you understand by 'commercialization of agriculture'? How did it affect the rural agrarian structure?
6. Discuss various factors which contributed to landless labour in colonial India.
7. How were the Indian textile industries affected by the Industrial Revolution in Britain?
8. Write an essay on the development of modern banking system in colonial India.
9. Describe the growth and role of Press in Indian nationalism.
10. What factors contributed to the growth of modern intelligentsia? What were their contributions?

2014

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HISTORY

FIFTH PAPER

[Modern India (Part-I)]

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION - A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. The Dual Government in Bengal lasted from

(a) 1757 to 1772 ()

(b) 1761 to 1773 ()

(c) 1765 to 1772 ()

2. The leader of the Revolt of 1857 was

(a) Bahadur Shah II ()

(b) Shah Alam ()

(c) Kunwar Singh ()

3. The economist who propounded the idea of free trade or laissez-faire in the 18th century was

(a) Edward Said ()

(b) William Jones ()

(c) Adam Smith ()

4. *The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India* was authored by

(a) R. C. Dutt ()

(b) Bipan Chandra ()

(c) Sumit Sarkar ()

5. The Mahalwari system was introduced in

(a) Bengal, Orissa, Madras ()

(b) Ganga valley, Punjab, Central India ()

(c) Benaras, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra ()

6. Pre-British India was famous for its

(a) wood industry ()

(b) tea industry ()

(c) cotton textile industry ()

7. Railways was introduced in

(a) 1852 ()

(b) 1853 ()

(c) 1854 ()

8. Tata Iron and Steel Plant was established at

(a) Bombay ()

(b) Jamshedpur ()

(c) Calcutta ()

9. The first English newspaper printed in India was

(a) The Bengal Gazette ()

(b) The Kesari ()

(c) The Hindoo ()

10. Who started the Ramakrishna Mission?

(a) Swami Vivekananda ()

(b) Raja Ram Mohan Roy ()

(c) Ramakrishna Paramahansa ()

(4)

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Give brief answers to the following questions (any *five*) :

3×5=15

1. What do you mean by Maratha Confederacy? Who were they?

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(5)

2. Explain the Doctrine of Lapse.

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(6)

3. What do you understand by the term 'colonial paternalism'?

Give brief answers to the following questions (100 marks)

1. What do you mean by 'British Imperialism'? Who were they?

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(7)

4. Who were the utilitarians?

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(8)

5. What do you understand by the Ryotwari system?

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6. Define Rural Indebtedness.

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(10)

7. Why did Indian export trade decline in the face of European advance?

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(11)

8. How did industrialization affect Indian cotton handicrafts?

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(12)

9. Who is B. R. Ambedkar?

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10. Define Sati. Who abolished it and when?

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