

26 NOV 2014

V/ECO (vii)

2014

(5th Semester)

ECONOMICS

SEVENTH PAPER

(Quantitative Technique—I)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) Distinguish between finite and infinite set with examples. $2\frac{1}{2}$
- (b) Enumerate all the proper subsets of a given set $A = \{0, 3, 5\}$. $2\frac{1}{2}$
- (c) State and verify the distributive law of set intersection by using the following : 5
 $A = \{2, 5\}$, $B = \{3, 4, 5\}$ and $C = \{6, 7\}$

Or

- (a) If the supply and demand functions for a commodity are $Q_s = 10p - 6$ and $Q_d = 4p + 12$ respectively, find the equilibrium price. 4
- (b) What are the various uses and applications of non-linear equations in economics? Briefly explain them. 6
2. (a) Differentiate the following : 3+3=6
- (i) $y = 2x^2 + e^x + \log x$
- (ii) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$
- (b) Given the demand function for a commodity $q = -5p + 100$; find the point elasticity of demand when $p = 5$. 4

Or

A firm's short-run total cost function is $TC = q^2 - 3q + 500$. The firm is a monopolist and the inverse demand function for its product is $p = -q + 105$. Find the most profitable level of output, and the profits at that output. 7+3=10

3. (a) Evaluate the following functions : 3+3=6
- (i) $\int (x^2 + e^x + 2) dx$
- (ii) $\int \left(\frac{x}{2x^2 + 5} \right) dx$

(3).

- (b) Find the consumer's surplus when the inverse demand function for a commodity is $p = 100 - 2q$ and the price (p_0) is 20. 4

Or

- (a) It is given that the marginal revenue (MR) function for a firm is $MR = 100 - 2q$, find—
- (i) the total revenue function; 2
- (ii) the demand function; 2

- (b) If the demand and supply functions for a commodity are given as

$$\text{demand function } p_d = 20 - 5q$$

$$\text{supply function } p_s = 4q + 8$$

find the producer's surplus at equilibrium. 6

4. (a) State and prove the basic properties of determinant. 6

- (b) Verify whether $AB \neq BA$, using the following matrices : 4

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Or

Solve the following simultaneous equations by matrix inversion method : 10

$$4x + y - 5z = 8$$

$$-2x + 3y + z = 12$$

$$3x - y + 4z = 5$$

5. Solve the following linear programming problem by graphical method. Also indicate the feasible region in diagram. 8+2=10

$$\text{Max } Z = 8x + 6y$$

$$\text{subject to } 6x + 3y \leq 126$$

$$2x + 4y \leq 96$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$

Or

Explain the various procedures involved in formulation of liner programming problem. 10

2014

(5th Semester)

ECONOMICS

SEVENTH PAPER

(Quantitative Technique—I)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided ; 1×10=10

1. Total revenue (TR) is maximum only when

(a) $MR = MC$ ()

(b) $MR > MC$ ()

(c) $MR = AR$ ()

(d) $MR = 0$ ()

2. The value for a function $y = f(x)$, is maximum if

(a) $f'(x) = 0$ and $f''(x) < 0$ ()

(b) $f'(x) = 0$ and $f''(x) > 0$ ()

(c) $f'(x) > 0$ and $f''(x) > 0$ ()

(d) $f'(x) < 0$ and $f''(x) < 0$ ()

3. Column matrices are those that have

(a) one column and any number of rows ()

(b) equal number of rows and columns ()

(c) one row and any number of columns ()

(d) None of the above ()

4. For any square matrix to be inversible, the matrix must be a/an

(a) symmetric matrix ()

(b) idempotent matrix ()

(c) singular matrix ()

(d) non-singular matrix ()

5. Any set containing n number of elements has _____ number of subsets.

(a) $2n^2$ ()

(b) 2^n ()

(c) n^2 ()

(d) None of the above

6. Which of the following functions is a quadratic function?

(a) $f(x) = x^3 + 2x + 2$ ()

(b) $f(x) = x^2 + 4x + 3$ ()

(c) $f(x) = 2x + 4$ ()

(d) $f(x) = e^x$ ()

7. Integration of any given marginal revenue function will yield

(a) total revenue function ()

(b) average revenue function ()

(c) maximum revenue function ()

(d) None of the above ()

8. In simple term, consumers' surplus refers to
- (a) total satisfaction derived from consumption ()
 - (b) average satisfaction derived from consumption ()
 - (c) marginal satisfaction derived from consumption ()
 - (d) net satisfaction derived from consumption ()
9. Which of the following statements is not true regarding linear programming problem?
- (a) Variables are linearly related ()
 - (b) Variables can take non-negative values only ()
 - (c) There are equality constraint only ()
 - (d) None of the above ()
10. Multiple optimal solutions arise in linear programming problem in case where the
- (a) constraint functions have different slopes ()
 - (b) objective and constraint function have equal slope ()
 - (c) objective and constraint function have unequal slope ()
 - (d) two or more constraint lines are intersecting each other ()

(5)

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Answer **all** questions :

3×5=15

1. Mention the true relationship between marginal cost (MC) and average cost (AC).

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2. Distinguish between singular matrix and non-singular matrix.

Answer all questions:

1. Mention the true relationship between marginal cost (MC) and average cost (AC) curves.

9. Which of the following statements are true regarding linear programming?

- (a) Variables are linearly related.
- (b) Variables can take on negative values only.
- (c) There are equalities only.
- (d) None of the above.

10. Multiple optimal solutions exist in linear programming problem in case where

- (a) constraint functions have same slope.
- (b) objective and constraint function have equal slope.
- (c) objective and constraint function have different slope.
- (d) two or more constraint lines are intersecting each other.

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3. Define exponential and logarithmic functions.

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(9)

5. Formulate dual of the given linear programming problem :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Max } R &= 3x + 2y \\ \text{subject to } 2x + y &\geq 4 \\ 2x + 3y &\geq 12 \\ x, y &\geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

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