

19 9 MAY 2016

PSC/IV/04 AM

2016

(4th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

FOURTH PAPER

(Political Theory)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. What is political theory? Discuss the significance of political theory. 5+5=10

Or

Discuss the Marxist approach to the study of political theory. 10

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2. Explain the social contract theory of the origin of the State. 10

Or

What is sovereignty? Explain the different types of sovereignty. 5+5=10

3. Define law. Examine the different sources of law. 5+5=10

Or

Discuss the relationship between law and liberty. 10

4. Define rights. Explain the theory of natural rights. 10

Discuss the meaning of justice and explain the different kinds of justice. 10

5. Critically examine the elitist theory of democracy. 10

Or

What do you understand by Welfare State? Discuss the main features of Welfare State. 10

To be filled in by the Candidate

DEGREE 4th Semester
(Arts / Science / Commerce)
) Exam., 2018

Subject
Paper

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. The Booklet No. of this script quoted in the answer script descriptive type questions versa.
2. This paper should be ANSWERED and submitted within 1 hour of the commencement Examination.
3. While answering the questions in the booklet, any cutting, erasing, writing or furnishing more answer is prohibited. Any rough work, if required, should be done in the main Answer Book. Instructions given in each question should be followed for answering the questions only.

Signature of
Scrutiniser(s)

2016

(4th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

FOURTH PAPER

(Political Theory)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. Who defines politics as 'authoritative allocation of values'?

(a) David Easton ()

(b) Garner ()

(c) Aristotle ()

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2. Who is called the father of Political Science?

- (a) Aristotle ()
- (b) Plato ()
- (c) Marx ()

3. Who said that "man is born free and he is everywhere in chains"?

- (a) Thomas Hobbes ()
- (b) Rousseau ()
- (c) T. H. Green ()

4. Which theory challenges the sovereignty of State and regards the State as an association of associations?

- (a) Monistic theory of sovereignty ()
- (b) Liberal theory of sovereignty ()
- (c) Pluralist theory of sovereignty ()

5. The term 'liber' has been derived from

- (a) the Greek word ()
- (b) the Hebrew word ()
- (c) the Latin word ()

6. The grant of franchise to women on equal terms with men is an assertion of the principle of

- (a) political equality ()
- (b) civil equality ()
- (c) social equality ()

7. The statement that "every State is known by the rights that it maintains" is associated with

- (a) Lord Bryce ()
- (b) T. H. Green ()
- (c) Laski ()

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8. The concept of justice in the sense of 'greatest happiness of the greatest number' was popularised by

- (a) Aristotle ()
- (b) Rousseau ()
- (c) Bentham ()

9. The modern democracy is known as

- (a) direct democracy ()
- (b) people's democracy ()
- (c) representative democracy ()

10. A Welfare State theory believes the State as

- (a) a means ()
- (b) an end ()
- (c) neither a means nor an end ()

SECTION—B
(Marks : 15)

Answer/Write on the following in a few sentences each :
3×5=15

1. Point out the differences between traditional and contemporary approaches.

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2. 'De jure' and 'de facto' sovereignty

(a) De jure sovereignty is the legal sovereignty of a state. It is the sovereignty that is recognized by other states and is based on international law. It is the sovereignty that is exercised by the state in its external relations.

(b) De facto sovereignty is the actual sovereignty of a state. It is the sovereignty that is exercised by the state in its internal relations. It is the sovereignty that is based on the control of the state over its territory and population.

3. Explain positive liberty.

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(8)

4. Explain historical theory of rights.

(9)

5. Three features of Western Liberal Democracy

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