

II/ psc (ii)

2012

(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

SECOND PAPER

(Indian Government and Politics)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Discuss the main sources of the Indian Constitution. 10

Or

Write an essay on the Directive Principles of State Policy.

2. Discuss the composition and functions of the Supreme Court of India. 10

Or

Examine the role of the Governor.

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(Turn Over)

3. Discuss the composition and functions of the Election Commission of India. 10

Or

Account for the emergence of regional political parties in India.

4. Examine the impact of liberalization and privatization on Indian economy and polity. 10

Or

Discuss various developmental programmes adopted for the alleviation of poverty in India.

5. Discuss the composition and working of the Panchayati Raj system in India with special reference to the 73rd Amendment to the Constitution of India. 10

Discuss the working of the municipalities in India with special reference to the 74th Amendment to the Constitution of India.

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2 0 1 2
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POLITICAL SCIENCE

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(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Indian Constitution was

- (a) Rajendra Prasad ()
(b) B. R. Ambedkar ()
(c) M. N. Roy ()

2. Article 368 deals with

- (a) financial emergency ()
- (b) UPSC ()
- (c) amendment procedure ()

3. The President of India is elected by

- (a) an electoral college ()
- (b) the Parliament ()
- (c) members of all State Legislative Assemblies ()

4. Money Bill can be introduced

- (a) only in Rajya Sabha ()
- (b) only in Lok Sabha ()
- (c) both in Rajya Sabha and Lok Sabha ()

5. India has

- (a) one-party system ()
- (b) two-party system ()
- (c) multiparty system ()

6. Anti-defection Bill which sealed the faith of defection in India was passed in
- (a) 1980 ()
 - (b) 1985 ()
 - (c) 1990 ()
7. Communalism is a
- (a) middle-class phenomenon ()
 - (b) upper-class phenomenon ()
 - (c) lower-class phenomenon ()
8. Liberalization, privatization and globalization was initiated during the Prime Ministership of
- (a) Dr. Manmohan Singh ()
 - (b) P. V. Narasimha Rao ()
 - (c) Jawaharlal Nehru ()
9. Panchayati Raj system was first introduced in
- (a) Orissa ()
 - (b) Uttar Pradesh ()
 - (c) Rajasthan ()
10. Article 243 P of Part IX A of the Indian Constitution deals with
- (a) Panchayati Raj ()
 - (b) Municipalities ()
 - (c) Emergency provisions ()

(4)

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Write on the following in a few sentences each : 3×5=15

1. Three Fundamental Duties of a citizen

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(5)

2. Collective responsibility of the Union Council of Ministers

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(6)

3. Criminalization of politics

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(7)

4. Role of pressure groups in India

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(8)

5. Democratic decentralization in India

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