

II/ edn (ii)

2 0 1 2

(2nd Semester)

EDUCATION

SECOND PAPER

**(Philosophical and Sociological Foundations
of Education)**

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. What is philosophy? Discuss its relationship
with education. 3+7

OR

2. Define philosophy. Discuss how philosophy
determines the curriculum and method of
teaching. 2+4+4

12G—3150/260a

(Turn Over)

(2)

3. What is idealism? Describe the aims of education suggested by this school of philosophy. 3+7

OR

4. What is pragmatism? Discuss the contribution of this school of philosophy to the present-day system of education. 3+7

5. Define sociology. Discuss the relationship between sociology and education. 3+7

OR

6. What do you understand by educational sociology? Describe the need for sociological approach in education. 3+7

7. Define social change. Enumerate the importance of education as an instrument of social change. 3+7

OR

8. Describe the role played by mass media in bringing about desirable change in society. 10

9. Discuss the problems faced in our country with regard to equality of educational opportunity. 10

OR

10. Describe the importance of girls, education for social development.

2012

(2nd Semester)

EDUCATION

SECOND PAPER

**(Philosophical and Sociological Foundations
of Education)**

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct response from the choices given in each of the following : 1×10=10

1. The literal meaning of philosophy is

- (a) a popular belief ()
- (b) love of wisdom ()
- (c) love of books ()
- (d) a particular method ()

2. "The art of education will never attain complete clearness in itself without philosophy." This was stated by

- (a) J. G. Fichte ()
- (b) Sir John Adams ()
- (c) John Locke ()
- (d) Aristotle ()

3. Which school of philosophy raised the slogan, 'Back to Nature'?

- (a) Realism ()
- (b) Naturalism ()
- (c) Pragmatism ()
- (d) Idealism ()

4. Which school of philosophy advocates the 'project method'?

- (a) Idealism ()
- (b) Realism ()
- (c) Naturalism ()
- (d) Pragmatism ()

5. Sociology is the study of

- (a) educational institutions ()
- (b) human beings ()
- (c) society ()
- (d) customs ()

6. The term 'sociology' was coined by

- (a) Auguste Comte ()
- (b) John Dewey ()
- (c) Plato ()
- (d) Aristotle ()

(3)

7. One of the characteristics of a secondary group is
- (a) physical proximity ()
 - (b) permanency ()
 - (c) large in size ()
 - (d) compulsory membership ()
8. One important example of a primary group is
- (a) political party ()
 - (b) family ()
 - (c) church ()
 - (d) YMA ()
9. Which Article of the Indian Constitution protects the Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes from social injustice and all forms of exploitation?
- (a) Article 26 ()
 - (b) Article 30 ()
 - (c) Article 46 ()
 - (d) Article 45 ()
10. The literacy percentage of Mizoram in the last census (2011) was
- (a) 93.04 ()
 - (b) 95.51 ()
 - (c) 99.11 ()
 - (d) 98.76 ()

(4)

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Write briefly on the following :

3×5=15

1. Meaning of educational philosophy

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(5)

2. Aims of education according to pragmatism

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(6)

3. Concept of educational sociology

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(7)

4. Print media as a means of social change

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(8)

5. Groups classified as 'Backward Classes'

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