

2018

(CBCS)

(5th Semester)

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

EIGHTH (A) PAPER

( Human Rights )

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The United Nations Organization (UNO) was established on

- (a) 24 October, 1939. ( )
- (b) 24 October, 1945 ( )
- (c) 26 October, 1945 ( )
- (d) 10 December, 1945 ( )

2. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 was adopted by the General Assembly in

- (a) Washington ( )
- (b) Vienna ( )
- (c) Paris ( )
- (d) London ( )

3. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 contained
- (a) a Preamble and 24 Articles ( )
  - (b) a Preamble and 26 Articles ( )
  - (c) a Preamble and 29 Articles ( )
  - (d) a Preamble and 30 Articles ( )
4. The UN General Assembly declared First International Year of Disabled Persons in the year
- (a) 1978 ( )
  - (b) 1979 ( )
  - (c) 1980 ( )
  - (d) 1981 ( )
5. The Equal Remuneration Convention, 1951 is related with
- (a) Rights of Elder Persons ( )
  - (b) Rights of Women ( )
  - (c) Rights of Disabled ( )
  - (d) Rights of Minority ( )
6. The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966 came into effective on
- (a) 23 March, 1976 ( )
  - (b) 24 March, 1976 ( )
  - (c) 27 March, 1976 ( )
  - (d) 29 March, 1976 ( )
7. Rights Against Exploitation is guaranteed by
- (a) Article 14 of the Indian Constitution ( )
  - (b) Articles 17 and 18 of the Indian Constitution ( )
  - (c) Articles 19 and 20 of the Indian Constitution ( )
  - (d) Articles 23 and 24 of the Indian Constitution ( )
8. "No person shall be deprived of his life or personal liberty except according to a procedure established by law" is found in
- (a) Article 19 of the Indian Constitution ( )
  - (b) Article 20 of the Indian Constitution ( )
  - (c) Article 21 of the Indian Constitution ( )
  - (d) Article 22 of the Indian Constitution ( )

9. How many State Human Rights Commissions are there in India as on January 2018?
- (a) 25 ( )  
(b) 24 ( )  
(c) 23 ( )  
(d) 19 ( )
10. "Its my life" falls under the category of which human rights?
- (a) First Generation Human Rights ( )  
(b) Second Generation Human Rights ( )  
(c) Third Generation Human Rights ( )  
(d) None of the above ( )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Answer the following questions in not more than 5 sentences each : 3×5=15

1. "Human Rights Movement is an outcome of Second World War." Discuss.

**OR**

Discuss three categories of human rights.

2. Mention three human rights mentioned by the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

**OR**

Discuss the Commission on Human Rights of UNO.

3. Discuss the human rights of minority group.

**OR**

Discuss the rights of children in relationship with parents.

4. Explain about the Right to Social Security.

**OR**

Mention three economic rights.

5. Explain the limitations of Fundamental Rights under the Indian Constitution.

**OR**

Mention any three limitations on the powers of the National Human Rights Commission.

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**

( Marks : 50 )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. Define human rights and discuss the scope of human rights.

**OR**

Discuss the importance of human rights.

2. Discuss the role of United Nations in the promotion and protection of human rights.

**OR**

"The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948 was the first and foremost international human rights instrument." Elaborate the sentence.

3. Discuss the rights of women as one of the most important groups of human rights.

**OR**

Examine the contribution of Amnesty International in the promotion of rights of prisoners around the globe.

4. Discuss the main features of International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966.

**OR**

Examine the importance of the Third Generation Human Rights.

5. "Though there is no specific mention about the word, human rights in Indian Constitution, yet Part III of the Indian Constitution mainly deals about human rights." Explain the sentence with reference to the Fundamental Rights.

**OR**

Discuss the role of the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) for promotion and protection of human rights in India.

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